

# 8 Redemption & Restoration

<p><b>Objective:</b> to explain the second half of the Christian metanarrative “Redemption” and “Restoration” and why these two elements of the biblical worldview are crucial for giving a person hope and meaning in life.</p>	<p><b>Name:</b> _____</p> <p><b>Date:</b> March 5, 2019</p>
<p><b>Redemption</b></p> <p><u>Redemption</u> – Greek <i>apolutrōsis</i>, meaning “to release,” connoting the deliverance effected through the death of Christ from the retributive wrath of God and the merited penalty of sin.</p> <p><u>Eph 1:17</u>—“In whom we have redemption through his blood, the forgiveness of our transgressions, according to the riches of his grace”</p> <p>Rom 8:24—“Now in this hope we were saved, yet hope that is seen is not hope, because who hopes for what he sees?”</p> <p><b>Restoration</b></p> <p><u>Restoration</u> – Greek <i>apokatastasis</i>, meaning “to return to a previous good state,” connoting the restoring of what was once good but has since been altered.</p> <p><u>Acts 3:21</u>—“Therefore, repent and turn to God, so that your sins may be erased; so that times of refreshing may come from the Lord's presence; and he may send the Messiah appointed in advance for you, that is, Jesus. He has to remain in heaven until the time comes for restoring everything, as God said long ago, when he spoke through the holy prophets.”</p>	<p><b>Notes:</b></p>
<p><b>Summary:</b></p>	